IN THE UNITED STATES COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF UTAH NORTHERN DIVISION

EDIZONE, L.C., Plaintiff,	MEMORANDUM DECISION AND ORDER GRANTING MOTIONS IN LIMINE RE: REEXAMINATION
vs.	
CLOUD NINE, et al., Defendants.	Case No. 1:04-CV-117 TS
CLOUD NINE, et al., Counterclaim-Plaintiffs and Third-Party Plaintiffs,	
vs. EDIZONE, L.C., Counterclaim-Defendant,	
and	
TERRY PEARCE, et al.,	
Third-Party Defendants.	

This matter comes before the Court on Plaintiff's Motion in Limine to Exclude Evidence Regarding a Third Round of Patent Reexaminations and the CrossGel Defendants' Motion in Limine #4 to Exclude Reference and Evidence Re: Re-Examination Proceedings. For the reasons set forth below, the Court will grant both Motions and will exclude evidence concerning the reexamination proceedings.

Federal Rule of Evidence 402 provides that "[e]vidence which is not relevant is not admissible." Relevant evidence is defined as "evidence having any tendency to make the existence of any fact that is of consequence to the determination of the action more probable or less probable than it would be without the evidence." Of course, "[t]he standard is not stringent; it is aimed at each 'brick' of evidence potentially making a wall and not every witness 'mak[ing] a home run."

Moreover, Federal Rule of Evidence 403 excludes otherwise relevant evidence,

if its probative value is substantially outweighed by the danger of unfair prejudice, confusion of the issues, or delay, waste of time, or needless presentation of cumulative evidence.³

In *Hoechst Celanese Corp. v. BP Chemicals Ltd.*, ⁴ the court "excluded evidence of preliminary reexamination findings by the patent office as having little or no probative value, and as being overly prejudicial." The Court agrees with the reasoning of that court. The Court finds

¹Fed.R.Evid. 401.

²United States v. Yazzie, 188 F.3d 1178, 1189 (10th Cir. 1999) (quoting Fed.R.Evid. 401 advisory committee's note).

³Fed.R.Evid. 403.

⁴846 F.Supp. 542, 547 (S.D.Tex.1994) aff'd 78 F.3d 1575 (Fed. Cir. 1996).

⁵*Id*. at 547.

that evidence concerning the reexamination proceedings is likely irrelevant because it does not have the tendency to make any fact more or less probable than it would otherwise be. Further, any probative value of this evidence is substantially outweighed by the danger of confusion of the issues or misleading the jury. Therefore, the Court finds evidence of any patent reexamination proceeding inadmissible.

It is therefore

ORDERED that Plaintiff's Motion in Limine to Exclude Evidence Regarding a Third Round of Patent Reexaminations (Docket No. 800) is GRANTED. It is further

ORDERED that Defendants' Motion in Limine #4 to Exclude Reference and Evidence Re: Re-Examination Proceedings (Docket No. 812) is GRANTED.

DATED May 22, 2008.

BY THE COURT:

TEP STEWART

United States District Judge